

#### The Concrete Overlay Experts™

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

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### SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/PREPARATION AND OF THE COMPANY

### MANUFACTURER'S NAME / ADDRESS

**ARIZONA POLYMER FLOORING** 7731 N. 68<sup>TH</sup> AVE. GLENDALE, AZ 85303

TRADE NAME: SK-P250 VOC PART B COLOR: CLEAR MAIN USE: SPECIALTY FLOORING CURATIVE

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER: (800) 424-9300 (CHEMTREC)

#### **SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

GLOBALLY HARMONIZED SYSTEM (GHS) CLASSIFICATION: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS: CATEGORY 3 ACUTE TOXICITY: CATEGORY 4 (INHALATION-MIST) RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION: CATEGORY 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION: CATEGORY 1 ACUTE AQUATIC TOXICITY: CATEGORY 2 CHRONIC AQUATIC TOXICITY: CATEGORY 2

GHS LABEL ELEMENTS HAZARD PICTOGRAMS



SIGNAL WORD: DANGER!

#### HAZARD STATEMENTS:

H226: FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOR H319: CAUSES SERIOUS EYE IRRITATION H334: MAY CAUSE ALLERGY OR ASTHMA SYMPTOMS OR BREATHING DIFFICULTIES IF INHALED H317: MAY CAUSE AN ALLERGIC SKIN REACTION H335: MAY CAUSE RESPIRATORY IRRITATION H315: CAUSES SKIN IRRITATION H411: TOXIC TO AQUATIC LIFE WITH LONG LASTING EFFECTS

### **PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS:**

PREVENTION P280: WEAR PROTECTIVE GLOVES/ PROTECTIVE CLOTHING/ EYE PROTECTION/ FACE PROTECTION P271: USE ONLY OUTDOORS OR IN WELL VENTILATED AREA P261: AVOID BREATHING MIST/VAPORS P210: KEEP AWAY FROM HEAT, SPARKS, OPEN FLAMES, AND HOT SURFACES. NO SMOKING P273: AVOID RELEASE TO THE ENVIRONMENT P284: (IN CASE OF INADEQUATE VENTILATION) WEAR RESPIRATORY PROTECTION. P240: GROUND/BOND CONTAINER AND RECEIVING EQUIPMENT P241: USE EXPLOSION-PROOF ELECTRICAL, VENTILATING AND LIGHTING EQUIPMENT P242: USE ONLY NON-SPARKING TOOLS P243: TAKE PRECAUTIONARY MEASURES AGAINST STATIC DISCHARGE P272: CONTAMINATED WORK CLOTHING SHOULD NOT BE ALLOWED OUT OF THE WORKPLACE

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## SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION CON'T.

#### RESPONSE

P303+P361+353: **IF ON SKIN (OR HAIR):** REMOVE/TAKE OFF IMMEDIATELY ALL CONTAMINATED CLOTHING. RINSE SKIN WITH WATER/SHOWER P333+P311: IF SKIN IRRITATION OR RASH OCCURS: CALL A POISON CENTER OR DOCTOR/PHYSICIAN P305+P351+P338: **IF IN EYES:** RINSE CAUTIOUSLY WITH WATER FOR SEVERAL MINUTES. REMOVE CONTACT LENSES, IF PRESENT AND EASY TO DO SO. CONTINUE RINSING. P337+P313: IF EYE IRRITATION PERSISTS: GET MEDICAL ADVICE/ATTENTION P304+P340: **IF INHALED:** REMOVE PERSON TO FRESH AIR AND KEEP COMFORTABLE FOR BREATHING P362+P364: TAKE OFF CONTAMINATED CLOTHING AND WASH BEFORE REUSE. P370+P378: IN CASE OF FIRE: USE DRY CHEMICAL, CARBON DIOXIDE (CO<sub>2</sub>), FOAM, OR WATER SPRAY (FOR LARGE FIRES) TO EXTINGUISH

#### STORAGE

P403+P235: STORE IN A WELL-VENTILATED PLACE. KEEP COOL P233: KEEP CONTAINER TIGHTLY CLOSED

#### DISPOSAL

P501: DISPOSE OF CONTENTS/CONTAINER TO AN APPROVED WASTE DISPOSAL PLANT

#### **OTHER HAZARDS**

NO DATA AVAILABLE

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW: DANGER! HARMFUL IF INHALED RESPIRATORY SENSITIZER MAY CAUSE RESPIRATORY TRACT, EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION CONTAINS MATERIAL WHICH CAUSES DAMAGE TO THE FOLLOWING ORGANS: BLOOD, KIDNEYS, LIVER, GASTROINTESTINAL TRACT, RESPIRATORY TRACT, SKIN, NERVOUS SYSTEM, EYE, LENS OR CORNEA FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOR VAPOR MAY CAUSE FLASH FIRE SKIN SENSITIZER

#### SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS	Wt. %	CAS Number
HOMOPOLYMER OF HEXAMETHYLENE DIISOCYANATE	60-100	028182-81-2
PARACHLOROBENZOTRIFLOURIDE	15-40	000098-56-6
HEXAMETHYLENE-1,6- DIISOCYANATE	0.1-1.0	000822-06-0

#### **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**

**GENERAL**: REMOVE PERSON FROM AFFECTED AREA AND MAKE COMFORTABLE. TREAT SYMPTOMATICALLY.

EYES: FLUSH WITH WATER FOR 15 MINUTES. GET MEDICAL ATTENTION.

**SKIN**: REMOVE PRODUCT AND FLUSH AFFECTED AREA WITH WATER FOR 15 MINUTES. IF IRRITATION PERSISTS GET MEDICAL ATTENTION.

**INHALATION**: MOVE TO FRESH AIR. GIVE ASSISTED RESPIRATION IF BREATHING HAS STOPPED OR IS LABORED (CALL A PHYSICIAN).

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## SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES CON'T.

**INGESTION**: GIVE 3 – 4 GLASSES OF WATER OR MILK IF PERSON CONSCIOUS. **DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING!** OBTAIN MEDICAL CARE AND TREATMENT.

#### NOTES TO PHYSICIAN:

**EYES**: STAIN FOR EVIDENCE OF CORNEAL INJURY. IF CORNEA IS BURNED, INSTILL ANTIBIOTIC/STEROID PREPARATION AS NEEDED. WORKPLACE VAPORS COULD PRODUCE REVERSIBLE CORNEAL EPITHELIAL EDEMA IMPAIRING VISION.

**SKIN**: THIS COMPOUND IS A SKIN SENSITIZER. TREAT SYMPTOMATICALLY AS FOR CONTACT DERMATITIS OR THERMAL BURN.

**INGESTION**: TREAT SYMPTOMATICALLY. THERE IS NO SPECIFIC ANTIDOTE. INDUCING VOMITING IS CONTRAINDICATED BECAUSE OF THE IRRITATING NATURE OF THE COMPOUND.

**INHALATION**: TREATMENT IS ESSENTIALLY SYMPTOMATIC. AN INDIVIDUAL HAVING A DERMAL OR PULMONARY SENSITIZATION REACTION TO THIS MATERIAL SHOULD BE REMOVED FROM FURTHER EXPOSURE TO ANY ISOCYANATE.

#### SECTION 5: FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

<u>UEL:</u> 10.5%

FLASH POINT: 46.6°C (116°F) TCC (PCBTF)

CONDITIONS OF FLAMMABILITY: NA

AUTO IGNITION TEMP .: ND

FLAMMABLE LIMITS: <u>LEL:</u> 0.9%

OSHA CLASS: FLAMMABLE LIQUID, PACKING GROUP III

HAZARDOUS COMBUSTION PRODUCTS: CO, CO2, ALDEHYDES, ACIDS

SENSITIVITY TO IMPACT: ND

SENSITIVITY TO STATIC DISCHARGE: ND

**EXTINGUISHING MEDIA**: IGNITION MAY GIVE RISE TO A CLASS B FIRE. IN CASE OF FIRE USE: WATER FOG, CARBON DIOXIDE, DRY CHEMICAL, ALCOHOL FOAM.

**SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES**: WEAR SELF-CONTAINED BREATHING APPARATUS AND PROTECTIVE CLOTHING. WATER SPRAY IS USEFUL IN COOLING FIRE-EXPOSED VESSELS AND IN DISPERSING VAPORS.

**UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSIVE HAZARDS**: MAY GENERATE TOXIC OR IRRITATING COMBUSTION PRODUCTS. SUDDEN REACTION AND FIRE MAY RESULT IF PRODUCT IS MIXED WITH AN OXIDIZING AGENT. SOLVENT VAPORS MAY BE HEAVIER THAN AIR. UNDER CONDITIONS OF STAGNANT AIR, VAPORS MAY BUILD UP AND TRAVEL ALONG THE GROUND TO AN IGNITION SOURCE.

AGENT. SOLVENT VAPORS MAY BE HEAVIER THAN AIR. UNDER CONDITIONS OF STAGNANT AIR, VAPORS MAY BUILD UP AND TRAVEL ALONG THE GROUND TO AN IGNITION SOURCE.

## SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

**STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED:** EVACUATE NON-ESSENTIAL PERSONNEL. SHUT OFF SOURCES OF IGNITION. PUT ON PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT. CONTROL SOURCE OF LEAK. VENTILATE. CONTAIN THE SPILL TO PREVENT SPREAD TO DRAINS, SEWERS, WATER SUPPLIES, OR SOIL. POUR DECONTAMINATION SOLUTION OVER SPILL AND ALLOW TO REACT FOR AT LEAST 15 MINUTES. COLLECT MATERIAL IN OPEN CONTAINERS WITH FURTHER AMOUNTS OF DECONTAMINATION SOLUTION. WASH DOWN SPILL AREA WITH DECONTAMINATION SOLUTION.

DECONTAMINATION SOLUTIONS: COLORIMETRIC LABORATORIES INC. (CLI) DECONTAMINATION SOLUTION OR 20% NON-IONIC SURFACTANT (TERGITOL TMN-10) WITH 80% WATER.

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**OTHER** 

#### **SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

**GENERAL**: STORE IN COOL, WELL VENTILATED AREAS. KEEP AWAY FROM HEAT AND OPEN FLAMES. AVOID PROLONGED INHALATION OF HEATED VAPORS OR MISTS. AVOID PROLONGED SKIN CONTACT. USE NON-SPARKING TOOLS AND GROUNDING CABLES WHEN TRANSFERRING. CONTAINERS MAY BE HAZARDOUS WHEN EMPTY.

#### SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE CON'T.

**STORAGE**: AVOID TEMPERATURE EXTREMES. STORE AWAY FROM EXCESSIVE HEAT, FROM SOURCES OF IGNITION AND FROM REACTIVE MATERIALS. MATERIAL CAN BURN; LIMIT INDOOR STORAGE TO AREAS EQUIPPED WITH AUTOMATIC SPRINKLERS. STORE OUT OF DIRECT SUNLIGHT IN A COOL PLACE. KEEP CONTAINERS TIGHTLY CLOSED. GROUND ALL METAL CONTAINERS DURING STORAGE AND HANDLING.

### SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROL/PERSONAL PROTECTION

EXPOSURE LIMITS (ppm)

INGREDIENTS (CAS)	OS	HA	AC	GIH
	TWA	STEL	TWA	STEL
028182-81-2	NE	NE	NE	NE
000098-56-6	NE	NE	NE	NE
000822-06-0	NE	NE	0.005	NE

**LEGEND**: (M) MAX. EXPOSURE LIMIT; (S) OCCUPATIONAL EXP. LIMIT; (R) SUPPLIERS REC. LIMIT, (+) PERCUTANEOUS RISK NOTE 1: VALUES MEANINGFUL ONLY WHEN HARDENED PRODUCT IS ABRADED, GROUND, ETC.

**ENGINEERING CONTROLS**: EXHAUST VENTILATION SUFFICIENT TO KEEP AIRBORNE CONCENTRATION OF THE SOLVENTS BELOW THEIR RESPECTIVE TLV'S. EXHAUST AIR MAY NEED TO BE CLEANED BY SCRUBBERS OR FILTERS TO REDUCE ENVIRONMENTAL CONTAMINATION.

#### **PROTECTIVE GLOVES: NITRILE RUBBER**

EYE PROTECTION: SPLASH-PROOF GOGGLES OR CHEMICAL SAFETY GLASSES

**RESPIRATORY PROTECTION**: A RESPIRATOR THAT IS RECOMMENDED FOR USE IN ISOCYANATE CONTAINING ENVIRONMENTS (AIR PURIFYING OR FRESH AIR SUPPLIED) MAY BE NECESSARY FOR SPRAY APPLICATIONS OR OTHER SITUATIONS SUCH AS HIGH TEMPERATURE USE WHICH MAY PRODUCE INHALATION EXPOSURES. A SUPPLIED AIR RESPIRATOR (EITHER POSITIVE PRESSURE TYPE OR CONTINUOUS FLOW TYPE) IS RECOMMENDED. BEFORE AN AIR PURIFYING RESPIRATOR CAN BE USED, AIR MONITORING MUST BE PERFORMED TO DETERMINE THE AIRBORNE CONCENTRATIONS OF HDI MONOMER, HDI POLYISOCYANATE AND ORGANIC SOLVENTS.

**OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT**: LONG SLEEVED SHIRTS AND TROUSERS. EMERGENCY SHOWERS AND EYE WASH STATIONS SHOULD BE READILY ACCESSIBLE.

## **SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

ROILINC	<b>POINT:</b> $>130^{\circ}C(283^{\circ}F)$	
BOILING	<b>POINT</b> : >139°C (283°F)	

VAPOR PRESSURE: 1.01kPa @ 25°C (77°F)

VAPOR DENSITY: 6.24

(AIR = 1)

SPECIFIC GRAVITY: 1.10-1.20

MELTING POINT: ND

EVAPORATION RATE: 0.9 (PCBTF) (BUTYL ACETATE = 1)

SOLUBILITY IN WATER: INSOLUBLE, REACTS SLOWLY WITH WATER TO LIBERATE CO2 GAS

COEFFICIENT of WATER/OIL DISTRIBUTION: ND

APPEARANCE AND ODOR: CLEAR LIQUID, AROMATIC SOLVENT ODOR

% VOLATILES BY VOLUME: 67%

% SOLIDS BY WEIGHT: 32%

**ODOR THRESHOLD**: ND

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## SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

STABILITY: STABLE; HOWEVER MAY FORM PEROXIDES OF UNKNOWN STABILITY

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: NOT APPLICABLE (MATERIAL IS STABLE).

**INCOMPATIBILITY (MATERIALS TO AVOID)-** WATER, AMINES, STRONG BASES, ALCOHOLS, METAL COMPOUNDS AND SURFACE ACTIVE MATERIALS.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: BY HIGH HEAT AND FIRE; CO, CO2, OXIDES OF NITROGEN, HCN, HDI.

**HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION (REACTIVITY):** MAY OCCUR. CONTACT WITH MOISTURE OR OTHER MATERIALS THAT REACT WITH ISOCYANATES OR TEMPERATURES OVER 400F (204C) MAY CAUSE POLYMERIZATION.

## SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

PRIMARY ROUTES OF ENTRY: EYE CONTACT, SKIN CONTACT, INHALATION, INGESTION.

## HEALTH HAZARDS (ACUTE AND CHRONIC EXPOSURES)

EYES:

ACUTE –VAPORS ARE IRRITATING AND CAN CAUSE PAIN, TEARING, REDDENING AND SWELLING. IF LEFT UNTREATED, CORNEAL DAMAGE CAN OCCUR AND INJURY IS SLOW TO HEAL. HOWEVER DAMAGE IS USUALLY REVERSIBLE

**CHRONIC** – MAY RESULT IN CORNEAL OPACITY. PROLONGED VAPOR CONTACT MAY CAUSE CONJUNCTIVITIS.

### SKIN CONTACT:

ACUTE – ISOCYANATES REACT WITH SKIN PROTEIN AND MOISTURE AND CAN CAUSE IRRITATION. SYMPTOMS OF SKIN IRRITATION MAY BE REDDENING, SWELLING, RASH, SCALING OR BLISTERING. SOME PERSONS MAY DEVELOP SKIN SENSITIZATION FROM SKIN CONTACT. CURED MATERIAL IS DIFFICULT TO REMOVE. REPEATED OR PROLONGED SKIN CONTACT WITH SOLVENTS CAN RESULT IN DRY, DEFATTED AND CRACKED SKIN CAUSING INCREASED SUSCEPTIBILITY TO INFECTION. IN ADDITION IRRITATION MAY DEVELOP INTO DERMATITIS. SOLVENTS CAN PENETRATE THE SKIN AND MAY CAUSE EFFECTS SIMILAR TO THOSE IDENTIFIED UNDER ACUTE INHALATION SYMPTOMS.

**CHRONIC** – PROLONGED CONTACT WITH ISOCYANATES CAN CAUSE REDDENING, SWELLING, RASH, SCALING OR BLISTERING. IN THOSE WHO HAVE DEVELOPED A SKIN SENSITIZATION, THESE SYMPTOMS CAN DEVELOP AS A RESULT OF CONTACT WITH VERY SMALL AMOUNTS OF LIQUID OR EVEN AS A RESULT OF VAPOR-ONLY EXPOSURE. SOLVENTS CAN PENETRATE THE SKIN AND MAY CAUSE SYSTEMIC EFFECTS SIMILAR TO THOSE IDENTIFIED UNDER CHRONIC INHALATION EFFECTS.

# SKIN ABSORPTION:

ACUTE-ND

CHRONIC-- ND

# INHALATION:

**ACUTE** –HDI AEROSOLS OR VAPORS AT CONCENTRATIONS ABOVE THE APPLICABLE EXPOSURE LIMITS CAN IRRITATE THE MUCOUS MEMBRANES IN THE RESPIRATORY TRACT CAUSING RUNNY NOSE, SORE THROAT, COUGHING, CHEST DISCOMFORT, SHORTNESS OF BREATH AND REDUCED LUNG FUNCTION. PERSONS WITH PRE-EXISTING NONSPECIFIC BRONCHIAL HYPER REACTIVITY CAN RESPOND TO CONCENTRATIONS BELOW THE EXPOSURE LIMITS WITH SIMILAR SYMPTOMS AS WELL AS AN ASTHMA ATTACK. EXPOSURE WELL ABOVE THE EXPOSURE LIMITS MAY LEAD TO BRONCHITIS, BRONCHIAL SPASM AND PULMONARY EDEMA. CHEMICAL OR HYPERSENSITIVE PNEUMONITIS HAS ALSO BEEN REPORTED. SOLVENT VAPORS ARE IRRITATING TO THE EYES NOSE AND THROAT. SYMPTOMS OF IRRITATION MAY INCLUDE RED, ITCHY EYES, DRYNESS OF THE THROAT AND A FEELING OF TIGHTNESS IN THE CHEST.

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# SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION CON'T.

OTHER POSSIBLE SYMPTOMS OF OVEREXPOSURE INCLUDE: HEADACHE, DIZZINESS, NAUSEA, NARCOSIS, FATIGUE AND LOSS OF APPETITE.

**CHRONIC** – AS A RESULT OF PREVIOUS REPEATED OVEREXPOSURES OR A SINGLE LARGE DOSE, CERTAIN INDIVIDUALS WILL DEVELOP ISOCYANTE SENSITIZATION (CHEMICAL ASTHMA) WHICH WILL CAUSE THEM TO REACT TO A LATER EXPOSURE TO ISOCYANATES AT LEVELS WELL BELOW APPLICABLE EXPOSURE LIMITS. THESE SYMPTOMS, WHICH INCLUDE CHEST TIGHTNESS, WHEEZING, COUGH, SHORTNESS OF BREATH OR ASTHMATIC ATTACK, COULD BE IMMEDIATE OR DELAYED UP TO SEVERAL HOURS AFTER EXPOSURE. SIMILAR TO MANY NON-SPECIFIC ASTHMATIC RESPONSES, THERE ARE REPORTS THAT ONCE SENSITIZED AN INDIVIDUAL CAN EXPERIENCE THESE SYMPTOMS UPON EXPOSURE TO DUST, COLD AIR OR OTHER IRRITANTS. THIS INCREASED LUNG SENSITIVITY CAN PERSIST FOR WEEKS AND IN SEVERE CASES FOR SEVERAL YEARS.

CHRONIC OVEREXPOSURE TO ISOCYANTES HAS ALSO BEEN REPORTED TO CAUSE LUNG DAMAGE, INCLUDING DECREASE IN LUNG FUNCTION, WHICH MAY BE PERMANENT. SENSITIZATION MAY BE EITHER TEMPORARY OR PERMANENT. CHRONIC EXPOSURE TO ORGANIC SOLVENTS HAS BEEN ASSOCIATED WITH VARIOUS NEUROTOXIC EFFECTS INCLUDING PERMANENT BRAIN AND NERVOUS SYSTEM DAMAGE. SYMPTOMS INCLUDE LOSS OF MEMORY, LOSS OF INTELLECTUAL ABILITY AND LOSS OF COORDINATION.

#### **INGESTION:**

ACUTE – CAN RESULT IN IRRITATION AND POSSIBLE CORROSIVE ACTION IN THE MOUTH, STOMACH TISSUE AND DIGESTIVE TRACT. SYMPTOMS CAN INCLUDE SORE THROAT, ABDOMINAL PAIN, NAUSEA, VOMITING AND DIARRHEA. VOMITING MAY CAUSE ASPIRATION OF SOLVENT RESULTING IN CHEMICAL PNEUMONITIS

CHRONIC -- ND

**CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE**: ASTHMA AND OTHER RESPIRATORY DISORDERS, SKIN ALLERGIES, ECZEMA

ACUTE TOXICITY: NO DATA ON THE PRODUCT ITSELF

ACUTE ORAL TOXICITY- COMPONENTS		
HEXAMETHYLENE-1,6- DIISOCYANATE	LD50: >2500mg/kg	SPECIES: RAT
PARACHLOROBENZOTRIFLOURIDE	LD50: 13000 mg/kg	SPECIES: RAT
ACUTE DEDMAL TOXICITY COMPONENT	L8	

ACUTE DERMAL TOXICITY- COMPONENTS

HEXAMETHYLENE-1,6- DIISOCYANATE	LD50: >2000 mg/kg	SPECIES: RAT
PARACHLOROBENZOTRIFLOURIDE	LD50: 2700 mg/kg	SPECIES: RABBIT

#### **ACUTE INHALATION TOXICITY- COMPONENTS**

HEXAMETHYLENE-1,6- DIISOCYANA	ΓΕ LC50: 0.467 mg/l
PARACHLOROBENZOTRIFLOURIDE	LC50: 4470 ppm
	OECD TEST GUIDLINE 403

#### SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION

SLIGHTLY TO MODERATELY IRRITATING

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION SLIGHTLY TO MODERATELY IRRITATING

#### SENSITIZATION

PULMONARY AND DERMAL SENSITIZER IN ANIMALS AND HUMANS. EVIDENCE EXISTS THAT CROSS SENSITIZATION BETWEEN HDI AND OTHER ISOCYANATES, PARTICULARLY HYDROGENATED MDI AND TDI, CAN OCCUR.

**SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN SYSTEMIC TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)** CATEGORY 3 (IRRITATING TO RESPIRATORY SYSTEM)

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SECTION 11: TO	<b>XICOLOGICAL INFORMATION</b>	CON'T.
CARCINOGENIC DATA: NTP: NONE TERATOGENICITY: NO EMBRYOTOXICITY: NO	OSHA: NONE IARO MUTAGENICIT SYNERGISTIC	
SECTION 1	2: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATIO	N
<b>TOXICITY</b> <b>AQUATIC TOXICITY:</b> NO DATA ON PRODUCT IS ACUTELY HARMFUL F		ON THE COMPONENTS THE
ACUTE TOXICITY TO FISH- COMP HEXAMETHYLENE-1,6-DIISOCYANA PARACHLOROBENZOTRIFLOURIDE	ATE LC50 (96 HRS): 100 mg/l	SPECIES: FATHEAD MINNOW SPECIES: FATHEAD MINNOW
ACUTE TOXICITY TO AQUATIC IN HEXAMETHYLENE-1,6- DIISOCYAN PARACHLOROBENZOTRIFLOURIDE	ATE EC50 (48 HRS): 127 mg/l	S SPECIES: DAPHNIA MAGNA SPECIES: DAPHNIA MAGNA
ACUTE TOXICITY TO ALGAE/AQU HEXAMETHYLENE-1,6- DIISOCYANA PARACHLOROBENZOTRIFLOURIDE	ATE EC50 (72 HRS): >1000 mg/l	SPECIES: GREEN ALGAE
<b>TOXICITY TO BACTERIA: COMPO</b> HEXAMETHYLENE-1,6- DIISOCYANA PARACHLOROBENZOTRIFLOURIDE	ATE EC50: > 880mg/l	ACTIVATED SLUDGE
CHRONIC AQUATIC TOXICITY CHRONIC TOXICITY TO AQUATIC LONG LASTING ADVERSE EFFECTS		
PERSISTANCE AND DEGRADABILITY BIODEGRADABILITY: NOT READII	LY BIODEGRADABLE (BY OECD	CRITERIA)
BIOACCUMULATIVE POTENTIAL BIOACCUMULATION: ND PARTITION COEFFECIENT: N-OCT	ANOL/WATER(LOG P <sub>ow</sub> ): ND	
MOBILITY IN SOIL ND		
SECTION 1	3. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATION	S

**WASTE DISPOSAL METHODS**: INCINERATION IS PREFERED. THIS PRODUCT SHOULD NOT BE ALLOWED TO ENTER DRAINS, WATER COURSES OR THE SOIL. PLACE IN AN APPROPRIATE DISPOSAL FACILITY IN COMPLIANCE WITH ALL FEDERAL, STATE AND LOCAL REGULATIONS.

# SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT PROPER SHIPPING NAME: UN1866, RESIN SOLUTION, FLAMMABLE (CONTAINS PCBTF), 3, PG III,

PACKAGING GROUP: III

# DOT PRODUCT RQ LBS (KGS): NA

HAZARD LABEL: FLAMMABLE LIQUID

### HAZARD PLACARD: FLAMMABLE LIQUID

IMO SHIPPING DATA: UN1866, RESIN SOLUTION, FLAMMABLE (CONTAINS PCBTF), 3, PG III,

ICAO/IATA SHIPPING DATA UN1866, RESIN SOLUTION, FLAMMABLE (CONTAINS PCBTF), 3, PG III,

PASSENGER AIR MAX QUANTITY: 60L

**PASSENGER PACKING INSTRUCTION: 309** 

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CAKGO AIK-	MAX QUANTITY: 220L		CARGO AIR INSTR	UCTION	<b>NUMBER:</b> 310	
	SECTIO	N 15: REG	ULATORY INFORMAT	TION		
VOC: COMPO	DNENT = 115 gms/Liter	AS APPI	LIED (Part of a multi-com	ponent sys	tem) = 350 gms/Lite	r
TSCA (TOXIC SUBSTANCE CONTROL ACT): ALL COMPONENTS ARE LISTED IN THE TSCA CHEMICAL SUBSTANCE INVENTORY.						
CERCLA (CO MEK 5000 LBS	MPREHENSIVE RESPONS 5.	SE COMPE	NSATION and LIABILI	TY ACT)	REPORTABLE Q	UANTITY,
SARA TITLE SECTION FIRE HAZARI	N 312 HAZARD CLASS: IN	IMEDIATE	(ACUTE) HEALTH HAZ	ZARD, DI	ELAYED HEALTH	HAZARD;
SECTION	N 313 LISTED INGREDIEN	<b>TS</b> : CAS# 8	22-06-0 HEXAMETHYLE	ENE DIISO	DCYANATE	
	<b>PROPOSITION 65:</b> The be reproductive harm: NONE.	low list of c	ompounds is known to the	e State of (	California to cause c	ancer, birth
	SEC	CTION 16: (	OTHER INFORMATION	N		
INITIAL ISSU		DEVICE				
	<b>JE DATE:</b> MAY 27, 2015	REVISIC	ON DATE:	PR	EPARED BY: J.W.	ESSIG
HAZARD RAT HMIS:			ON DATE: FLAMMABILITY	PR 1	EPARED BY: J.W. REACTIVITY	
HAZARD RA	ГING					
HAZARD RAT HMIS:	ГING	[ <b>2</b>	FLAMMABILITY	1	REACTIVITY	
HAZARD RAT HMIS: LEGEND	ΓING HEALTH	2 CE OF GOVI	FLAMMABILITY ERNMENTAL INDUSTR	1 IAL HYG	REACTIVITY	
HAZARD RAT HMIS: LEGEND ACGIH:	TING HEALTH AMERICAN CONFERENC	[ 2 CE OF GOV] Y AND HEA	FLAMMABILITY ERNMENTAL INDUSTR	1 IAL HYG	REACTIVITY	
HAZARD RAT HMIS: LEGEND ACGIH: OSHA:	FING HEALTH AMERICAN CONFERENC OCCUPATIONAL SAFET	E <b>2</b> CE OF GOVI Y AND HEA E LIMIT	FLAMMABILITY ERNMENTAL INDUSTR	1 IAL HYG	REACTIVITY	
HAZARD RAT HMIS: LEGEND ACGIH: OSHA: STEL:	TING HEALTH AMERICAN CONFERENC OCCUPATIONAL SAFET SHORT TERM EXPOSURI	E 2 CE OF GOVI Y AND HEA E LIMIT AGE	FLAMMABILITY ERNMENTAL INDUSTR	1 IAL HYG	REACTIVITY	
HAZARD RAT HMIS: LEGEND ACGIH: OSHA: STEL: TWA:	TING HEALTH AMERICAN CONFERENCE OCCUPATIONAL SAFET SHORT TERM EXPOSURI TIME WEIGHTED AVERA	[ <b>2</b> CE OF GOVI Y AND HEA E LIMIT AGE E LIMIT	FLAMMABILITY ERNMENTAL INDUSTR	1 IAL HYG	REACTIVITY	
HAZARD RAT HMIS: LEGEND ACGIH: OSHA: STEL: TWA: PEL:	TING HEALTH AMERICAN CONFERENC OCCUPATIONAL SAFET SHORT TERM EXPOSURI TIME WEIGHTED AVERA PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURI	[ <b>2</b> CE OF GOVI Y AND HEA E LIMIT AGE E LIMIT	FLAMMABILITY ERNMENTAL INDUSTR	1 IAL HYG	REACTIVITY	
HAZARD RAT HMIS: LEGEND ACGIH: OSHA: STEL: TWA: PEL: TLV:	TING AMERICAN CONFERENCE OCCUPATIONAL SAFET SHORT TERM EXPOSURE TIME WEIGHTED AVERA PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE THRESHOLD LIMIT VAL	[ <b>2</b> CE OF GOVI Y AND HEA E LIMIT AGE E LIMIT	FLAMMABILITY ERNMENTAL INDUSTR	1 IAL HYG	REACTIVITY	

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