

The Concrete Overlay Experts™

Page 1 of 10

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/PREPARATION AND OF THE COMPANY

MANUFACTURER'S NAME / ADDRESS

ARIZONA POLYMER FLOORING

2705 VIA ORANGE WAY SUITE B SPRING VALLEY, CA 91978 **TRADE NAME**: SK-P501 PART B **COLOR:** CLEAR **MAIN USE**: SPECIALTY FLOORING CURATIVE

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER: (800) 424-9300 (CHEMTREC)

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GLOBALLY HARMONIZED SYSTEM (GHS) CLASSIFICATION: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS: CATEGORY 3 ACUTE TOXICITY: CATEGORY 4 (INHALATION-MIST) EYE DAMAGE: CATEGORY 1 RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION: CATEGORY 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION: CATEGORY 1 ACUTE AQUATIC TOXICITY: CATEGORY 2 CHRONIC AQUATIC TOXICITY: CATEGORY 3

GHS LABEL ELEMENTS HAZARD PICTOGRAMS



SIGNAL WORD: DANGER!

HAZARD STATEMENTS:

H226: FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOR H332: HARMFUL IF INHALED H318: CAUSES SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE H334: MAY CAUSE ALLERGY OR ASTHMA SYMPTOMS OR BREATHING DIFFICULTIES IF INHALED H317: MAY CAUSE AN ALLERGIC SKIN REACTION H304: MAY BE FATAL IF SWALLOWED AND ENTERS AIRWAY H335: MAY CAUSE RESPIRATORY IRRITATION H412: HARMFUL TO AQUATIC LIFE WITH LONG LASTING EFFECTS

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS:

PREVENTION

P280: WEAR PROTECTIVE GLOVES/ PROTECTIVE CLOTHING/ EYE PROTECTION/ FACE PROTECTION
P271: USE ONLY OUTDOORS OR IN WELL VENTILATED AREA
P260: DO NOT BREATH MIST/VAPORS/SPRAY
P210: KEEP AWAY FROM HEAT, SPARKS, OPEN FLAMES, AND HOT SURFACES. NO SMOKING
P273: AVOID RELEASE TO THE ENVIRONMENT
P284: (IN CASE OF INADEQUATE VENTILATION) WEAR RESPIRATORY PROTECTION.
P240: GROUND/BOND CONTAINER AND RECEIVING EQUIPMENT
P241: USE EXPLOSION-PROOF ELECTRICAL, VENTILATING AND LIGHTING EQUIPMENT
SPECIALIZED FLOOR COATINGS & DECORATIVE CONCRETE SYSTEMS



The Concrete Overlay Experts™

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Page 2 of 10

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION CON'T.

P242: USE ONLY NON-SPARKING TOOLS P243: TAKE PRECAUTIONARY MEASURES AGAINST STATIC DISCHARGE P272: CONTAMINATED WORK CLOTHING SHOULD NOT BE ALLOWED OUT OF THE WORKPLACE

RESPONSE

P303+P361+353: **IF ON SKIN (OR HAIR):** REMOVE/TAKE OFF IMMEDIATELY ALL CONTAMINATED CLOTHING. RINSE SKIN WITH WATER/SHOWER P333+P311: IF SKIN IRRITATION OR RASH OCCURS: CALL A POISON CENTER OR DOCTOR/PHYSICIAN P305+P351+P338: **IF IN EYES:** RINSE CAUTIOUSLY WITH WATER FOR SEVERAL MINUTES. REMOVE CONTACT LENSES, IF PRESENT AND EASY TO DO SO. CONTINUE RINSING. P337+P313: IF EYE IRRITATION PERSISTS: GET MEDICAL ADVICE/ATTENTION P304+P340: **IF INHALED:** REMOVE PERSON TO FRESH AIR AND KEEP COMFORTABLE FOR BREATHING P362+P364: TAKE OFF CONTAMINATED CLOTHING AND WASH BEFORE REUSE. P370+P378: IN CASE OF FIRE: USE DRY CHEMICAL, CARBON DIOXIDE (CO₂), FOAM, OR WATER SPRAY (FOR LARGE FIRES) TO EXTINGUISH

STORAGE

P403+P235: STORE IN A WELL-VENTILATED PLACE. KEEP COOL P233: KEEP CONTAINER TIGHTLY CLOSED

DISPOSAL

P501: DISPOSE OF CONTENTS/CONTAINER TO AN APPROVED WASTE DISPOSAL PLANT

OTHER HAZARDS

NO DATA AVAILABLE

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW: DANGER! HARMFUL IF INHALED RESPIRATORY SENSITIZER MAY CAUSE RESPIRATORY TRACT, EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION CONTAINS MATERIAL WHICH CAUSES DAMAGE TO THE FOLLOWING ORGANS: BLOOD, KIDNEYS, LIVER, GASTROINTESTINAL TRACT, RESPIRATORY TRACT, SKIN, NERVOUS SYSTEM, EYE, LENS OR CORNEA FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOR VAPOR MAY CAUSE FLASH FIRE SKIN SENSITIZER

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS	Wt. %	CAS Number
HOMOPOLYMER OF HEXAMETHYLENE DIISOCYANATE	40-70	028182-81-2
HOMOPOLYMER OF ISOPHORONE DIISOCYANATE	7-15	053880-05-0
DIPROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER ACETATE	7-15	088917-22-0
BUTYL ACETATE	5-10	000123-86-4
POLYOXYETHYLENE TRIDECYL ETHER PHOSPHATE	1-5	009046-01-9
DIMETHYLCYCLOHEXYLAMINE	1-5	000098-94-2
HEXAMETHYLENE-1,6- DIISOCYANATE	0.1-1.0	000822-06-0
ISOPHORONE DIISOCYANATE	0.1-1.0	004098-71-9



The Concrete Overlay Experts™

Page 3 of 10

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

GENERAL: REMOVE PERSON FROM AFFECTED AREA AND MAKE COMFORTABLE. TREAT SYMPTOMATICALLY.

EYES: FLUSH WITH WATER FOR 15 MINUTES. GET MEDICAL ATTENTION.

SKIN: REMOVE PRODUCT AND FLUSH AFFECTED AREA WITH WATER FOR 15 MINUTES. IF IRRITATION PERSISTS GET MEDICAL ATTENTION.

INHALATION: MOVE TO FRESH AIR. GIVE ASSISTED RESPIRATION IF BREATHING HAS STOPPED OR IS LABORED (CALL A PHYSICIAN).

INGESTION: GIVE 3 – 4 GLASSES OF WATER OR MILK IF PERSON CONSCIOUS. **DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING!** OBTAIN MEDICAL CARE AND TREATMENT.

NOTES TO PHYSICIAN:

EYES: STAIN FOR EVIDENCE OF CORNEAL INJURY. IF CORNEA IS BURNED, INSTILL ANTIBIOTIC/STEROID PREPARATION AS NEEDED. WORKPLACE VAPORS COULD PRODUCE REVERSIBLE CORNEAL EPITHELIAL EDEMA IMPAIRING VISION.

SKIN: THIS COMPOUND IS A SKIN SENSITIZER. TREAT SYMPTOMATICALLY AS FOR CONTACT DERMATITIS OR THERMAL BURN.

INGESTION: TREAT SYMPTOMATICALLY. THERE IS NO SPECIFIC ANTIDOTE. INDUCING VOMITING IS CONTRAINDICATED BECAUSE OF THE IRRITATING NATURE OF THE COMPOUND.

INHALATION: TREATMENT IS ESSENTIALLY SYMPTOMATIC. AN INDIVIDUAL HAVING A DERMAL OR PULMONARY SENSITIZATION REACTION TO THIS MATERIAL SHOULD BE REMOVED FROM FURTHER EXPOSURE TO ANY ISOCYANATE.

SECTION 5: FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

<u>UEL:</u> 7.6%

FLASH POINT: 40°C (104°F) TCC (BUTYL ACETATE)

AUTO IGNITION TEMP.: ND

CONDITIONS OF FLAMMABILITY: NA

OSHA CLASS: FLAMMABLE LIQUID, PACKING GROUP III

LEL: 1.7%

HAZARDOUS COMBUSTION PRODUCTS: CO, CO2, ALDEHYDES, ACIDS

SENSITIVITY TO IMPACT: ND

FLAMMABLE LIMITS:

SENSITIVITY TO STATIC DISCHARGE: ND

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: IGNITION MAY GIVE RISE TO A CLASS B FIRE. IN CASE OF FIRE USE: WATER FOG, CARBON DIOXIDE, DRY CHEMICAL, ALCOHOL FOAM.

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES: WEAR SELF-CONTAINED BREATHING APPARATUS AND PROTECTIVE CLOTHING. WATER SPRAY IS USEFUL IN COOLING FIRE-EXPOSED VESSELS AND IN DISPERSING VAPORS.

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSIVE HAZARDS: MAY GENERATE TOXIC OR IRRITATING COMBUSTION PRODUCTS. SUDDEN REACTION AND FIRE MAY RESULT IF PRODUCT IS MIXED WITH AN OXIDIZING AGENT. SOLVENT VAPORS MAY BE HEAVIER THAN AIR. UNDER CONDITIONS OF STAGNANT AIR, VAPORS MAY BUILD UP AND TRAVEL ALONG THE GROUND TO AN IGNITION SOURCE.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED: EVACUATE NON-ESSENTIAL PERSONNEL. SHUT OFF SOURCES OF IGNITION. PUT ON PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT. CONTROL SOURCE OF LEAK. VENTILATE. CONTAIN THE SPILL TO PREVENT SPREAD TO DRAINS, SEWERS, WATER SUPPLIES, OR SOIL. POUR DECONTAMINATION SOLUTION OVER SPILL AND ALLOW TO REACT FOR AT LEAST 15 MINUTES. COLLECT MATERIAL IN OPEN CONTAINERS WITH FURTHER AMOUNTS OF DECONTAMINATION SOLUTION. WASH DOWN SPILL AREA WITH DECONTAMINATION SOLUTION.



The Concrete Overlay Experts™

Page 4 of 10

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES CON'T.

DECONTAMINATION SOLUTIONS: COLORIMETRIC LABORATORIES INC. (CLI) DECONTAMINATION SOLUTION OR 20% NON-IONIC SURFACTANT (TERGITOL TMN-10) WITH 80% WATER.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

GENERAL: STORE IN COOL, WELL VENTILATED AREAS. KEEP AWAY FROM HEAT AND OPEN FLAMES. AVOID PROLONGED INHALATION OF HEATED VAPORS OR MISTS. AVOID PROLONGED SKIN CONTACT. USE NON-SPARKING TOOLS AND GROUNDING CABLES WHEN TRANSFERRING. CONTAINERS MAY BE HAZARDOUS WHEN EMPTY.

STORAGE: AVOID TEMPERATURE EXTREMES. STORE AWAY FROM EXCESSIVE HEAT, FROM SOURCES OF IGNITION AND FROM REACTIVE MATERIALS. MATERIAL CAN BURN; LIMIT INDOOR STORAGE TO AREAS EQUIPPED WITH AUTOMATIC SPRINKLERS. STORE OUT OF DIRECT SUNLIGHT IN A COOL PLACE. KEEP CONTAINERS TIGHTLY CLOSED. GROUND ALL METAL CONTAINERS DURING STORAGE AND HANDLING.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROL/PERSONAL PROTECTION

<u>EXPOSURE LIMITS (ppm)</u>					
INGREDIENTS (CAS)	OS	HA	A	CGIH	OTHER
	TWA	STEL	TWA	A STEL	
028182-81-2	NE	NE	NE	NE	
053880-05-0	NE	NE	NE	NE	
088917-22-0	NE	NE	NE	NE	
000123-86-4	150	200	150	200	
009046-01-9	NE	NE	NE	NE	
000098-94-2	NE	NE	NE	NE	
000822-06-0	0.005	.02	0.005	5 NE	
004098-71-9	0.005	.02	0.005	5 NE	

LEGEND: (M) MAX. EXPOSURE LIMIT; (S) OCCUPATIONAL EXP. LIMIT; (R) SUPPLIERS REC. LIMIT, (+) PERCUTANEOUS RISK NOTE 1: VALUES MEANINGFUL ONLY WHEN HARDENED PRODUCT IS ABRADED, GROUND, ETC.

ENGINEERING CONTROLS: EXHAUST VENTILATION SUFFICIENT TO KEEP AIRBORNE CONCENTRATION OF THE SOLVENTS BELOW THEIR RESPECTIVE TLV'S. EXHAUST AIR MAY NEED TO BE CLEANED BY SCRUBBERS OR FILTERS TO REDUCE ENVIRONMENTAL CONTAMINATION.

PROTECTIVE GLOVES: NITRILE RUBBER

EYE PROTECTION: SPLASH-PROOF GOGGLES OR CHEMICAL SAFETY GLASSES

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: A RESPIRATOR THAT IS RECOMMENDED FOR USE IN ISOCYANATE CONTAINING ENVIRONMENTS (AIR PURIFYING OR FRESH AIR SUPPLIED) MAY BE NECESSARY FOR SPRAY APPLICATIONS OR OTHER SITUATIONS SUCH AS HIGH TEMPERATURE USE WHICH MAY PRODUCE INHALATION EXPOSURES. A SUPPLIED AIR RESPIRATOR (EITHER POSITIVE PRESSURE TYPE OR CONTINUOUS FLOW TYPE) IS RECOMMENDED. BEFORE AN AIR PURIFYING RESPIRATOR CAN BE USED, AIR MONITORING MUST BE PERFORMED TO DETERMINE THE AIRBORNE CONCENTRATIONS OF HDI MONOMER, HDI POLYISOCYANATE AND ORGANIC SOLVENTS.

OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: LONG SLEEVED SHIRTS AND TROUSERS. EMERGENCY SHOWERS AND EYE WASH STATIONS SHOULD BE READILY ACCESSIBLE.

The Concrete Overlay Experts™

Page 5 of 10

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

BOILING POINT: >127°C (260°F)

VAPOR PRESSURE: 3.7mmHg @ 20°C (68°F)

VAPOR DENSITY: ND

(AIR = 1)

SOLUBILITY IN WATER: INSOLUBLE, REACTS SLOWLY WITH WATER TO LIBERATE CO2 GAS

COEFFICIENT of WATER/OIL DISTRIBUTION: ND

APPEARANCE AND ODOR: CLEAR LIQUID, SWEET SOLVENT ODOR

% VOLATILES BY VOLUME: 14%

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

STABILITY: STABLE: HOWEVER MAY FORM PEROXIDES OF UNKNOWN STABILITY

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: NOT APPLICABLE (MATERIAL IS STABLE).

INCOMPATIBILITY (MATERIALS TO AVOID)- WATER, AMINES, STRONG BASES, ALCOHOLS, METAL COMPOUNDS AND SURFACE ACTIVE MATERIALS.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: BY HIGH HEAT AND FIRE; CO, CO2, OXIDES OF NITROGEN, HCN, HDI.

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION (REACTIVITY): MAY OCCUR. CONTACT WITH MOISTURE OR OTHER MATERIALS THAT REACT WITH ISOCYANATES OR TEMPERATURES OVER 400F (204C) MAY CAUSE POLYMERIZATION.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

PRIMARY ROUTES OF ENTRY: EYE CONTACT, SKIN CONTACT, INHALATION, INGESTION.

HEALTH HAZARDS (ACUTE AND CHRONIC EXPOSURES)

EYES:

ACUTE -VAPORS ARE IRRITATING AND CAN CAUSE PAIN, TEARING, REDDENING AND SWELLING. IF LEFT UNTREATED, CORNEAL DAMAGE CAN OCCUR AND INJURY IS SLOW TO HEAL. HOWEVER DAMAGE IS USUALLY REVERSIBLE

CHRONIC - MAY RESULT IN CORNEAL OPACITY. PROLONGED VAPOR CONTACT MAY CAUSE CONJUNCTIVITIS.

SKIN CONTACT:

ACUTE - ISOCYANATES REACT WITH SKIN PROTEIN AND MOISTURE AND CAN CAUSE IRRITATION. SYMPTOMS OF SKIN IRRITATION MAY BE REDDENING, SWELLING, RASH, SCALING OR BLISTERING. SOME PERSONS MAY DEVELOP SKIN SENSITIZATION FROM SKIN CONTACT. CURED MATERIAL IS DIFFICULT TO REMOVE. REPEATED OR PROLONGED SKIN CONTACT WITH SOLVENTS CAN RESULT IN DRY, DEFATTED AND CRACKED SKIN CAUSING INCREASED SUSCEPTIBILITY TO INFECTION. IN ADDITION IRRITATION MAY DEVELOP INTO DERMATITIS. SOLVENTS CAN PENETRATE THE SKIN AND MAY CAUSE EFFECTS SIMILAR TO THOSE IDENTIFIED UNDER ACUTE INHALATION SYMPTOMS.

CHRONIC - PROLONGED CONTACT WITH ISOCYANATES CAN CAUSE REDDENING, SWELLING, RASH, SCALING OR BLISTERING. IN THOSE WHO HAVE DEVELOPED A SKIN SENSITIZATION, THESE SYMPTOMS CAN DEVELOP AS A RESULT OF CONTACT WITH VERY SMALL AMOUNTS OF LIQUID OR EVEN AS A RESULT OF VAPOR-ONLY EXPOSURE. SOLVENTS CAN PENETRATE THE SKIN AND MAY CAUSE SYSTEMIC EFFECTS SIMILAR TO THOSE IDENTIFIED UNDER CHRONIC INHALATION EFFECTS.

Products

MELTING POINT: ND

EVAPORATION RATE: 1

(BUTYL ACETATE = 1)



ODOR THRESHOLD: ND

%SOLIDS BY WEIGHT: 89%

SPECIFIC GRAVITY: 1.10-1.20



ODECIEC DAT

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Page 6 of 10

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION CON'T.

SKIN ABSORPTION: ACUTE—ND CHRONIC-- ND

INHALATION:

ACUTE –HDI AEROSOLS OR VAPORS AT CONCENTRATIONS ABOVE THE APPLICABLE EXPOSURE LIMITS CAN IRRITATE THE MUCOUS MEMBRANES IN THE RESPIRATORY TRACT CAUSING RUNNY NOSE, SORE THROAT, COUGHING, CHEST DISCOMFORT, SHORTNESS OF BREATH AND REDUCED LUNG FUNCTION. PERSONS WITH PRE-EXISTING NONSPECIFIC BRONCHIAL HYPER REACTIVITY CAN RESPOND TO CONCENTRATIONS BELOW THE EXPOSURE LIMITS WITH SIMILAR SYMPTOMS AS WELL AS AN ASTHMA ATTACK. EXPOSURE WELL ABOVE THE EXPOSURE LIMITS MAY LEAD TO BRONCHITIS, BRONCHIAL SPASM AND PULMONARY EDEMA. CHEMICAL OR HYPERSENSITIVE PNEUMONITIS HAS ALSO BEEN REPORTED. SOLVENT VAPORS ARE IRRITATING TO THE EYES NOSE AND THROAT. SYMPTOMS OF IRRITATION MAY INCLUDE RED, ITCHY EYES, DRYNESS OF THE THROAT AND A FEELING OF TIGHTNESS IN THE CHEST. OTHER POSSIBLE SYMPTOMS OF OVEREXPOSURE INCLUDE: HEADACHE, DIZZINESS, NAUSEA, NARCOSIS, FATIGUE AND LOSS OF APPETITE.

CHRONIC – AS A RESULT OF PREVIOUS REPEATED OVEREXPOSURES OR A SINGLE LARGE DOSE, CERTAIN INDIVIDUALS WILL DEVELOP ISOCYANTE SENSITIZATION (CHEMICAL ASTHMA) WHICH WILL CAUSE THEM TO REACT TO A LATER EXPOSURE TO ISOCYANATES AT LEVELS WELL BELOW APPLICABLE EXPOSURE LIMITS. THESE SYMPTOMS, WHICH INCLUDE CHEST TIGHTNESS, WHEEZING, COUGH, SHORTNESS OF BREATH OR ASTHMATIC ATTACK, COULD BE IMMEDIATE OR DELAYED UP TO SEVERAL HOURS AFTER EXPOSURE. SIMILAR TO MANY NON-SPECIFIC ASTHMATIC RESPONSES, THERE ARE REPORTS THAT ONCE SENSITIZED AN INDIVIDUAL CAN EXPERIENCE THESE SYMPTOMS UPON EXPOSURE TO DUST, COLD AIR OR OTHER IRRITANTS. THIS INCREASED LUNG SENSITIVITY CAN PERSIST FOR WEEKS AND IN SEVERE CASES FOR SEVERAL YEARS.

CHRONIC OVEREXPOSURE TO ISOCYANTES HAS ALSO BEEN REPORTED TO CAUSE LUNG DAMAGE, INCLUDING DECREASE IN LUNG FUNCTION, WHICH MAY BE PERMANENT. SENSITIZATION MAY BE EITHER TEMPORARY OR PERMANENT. CHRONIC EXPOSURE TO ORGANIC SOLVENTS HAS BEEN ASSOCIATED WITH VARIOUS NEUROTOXIC EFFECTS INCLUDING PERMANENT BRAIN AND NERVOUS SYSTEM DAMAGE. SYMPTOMS INCLUDE LOSS OF MEMORY, LOSS OF INTELLECTUAL ABILITY AND LOSS OF COORDINATION.

INGESTION:

ACUTE – CAN RESULT IN IRRITATION AND POSSIBLE CORROSIVE ACTION IN THE MOUTH, STOMACH TISSUE AND DIGESTIVE TRACT. SYMPTOMS CAN INCLUDE SORE THROAT, ABDOMINAL PAIN, NAUSEA, VOMITING AND DIARRHEA. VOMITING MAY CAUSE ASPIRATION OF SOLVENT RESULTING IN CHEMICAL PNEUMONITIS

CHRONIC -- ND

CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE: ASTHMA AND OTHER RESPIRATORY DISORDERS, SKIN ALLERGIES, ECZEMA

ACUTE TOXICITY: NO DATA ON THE PRODUCT ITSELF

ACUTE ORAL TOXICITY- COMPONENTS	
HOMOPOLYMER OF HEXAMETHYLENE-1.6- DIISOCYANATE	LD50: >2500mg/kg

HOMOPOLYMER OF HEXAMETHYLENE-1,6- DIISOCYANATE	LD50: >2500mg/kg	SPECIES: RAT
HOMOPOLYMER OF ISOPHORONE DIISOCYANATE	LD50: >14000 mg/kg	SPECIES: RAT
DIPROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER ACETATE	LD50: >5000 mg/kg	SPECIES: RAT
N BUTYL ACETATE	ND	
CYCLOHEXYLDIMETHYLAMINE	LD50: 272 mg/kg	SPECIES: RAT
HEXAMETHYLENE-1,6-DIISOCYANATE	LD50: 746 mg/kg	SPECIES: RAT
ISOPHORONE DIISOCYANATE	LD50: 4814 mg/kg	SPECIES: RAT



The Concrete Overlay Experts™

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Page 7 of 10

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION CON'T.

ACUTE DERMAL TOXICITY- COMPONENTS		
HOMOPOLYMER OF HEXAMETHYLENE-1,6- DIISOCYANATE	LD50: >2000mg/kg	SPECIES: RAT
HOMOPOLYMER OF ISOPHORONE DIISOCYANATE	ND	
DIPROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER ACETATE	LD50: >2000mg/kg	SPECIES: RAT
N BUTYL ACETATE	LD50: >5000 mg/kg	SPECIES: RAT
CYCLOHEXYLDIMETHYLAMINE	LD50: 370 mg/kg	SPECIES: RAT
HEXAMETHYLENE-1,6-DIISOCYANATE	LD50: >7000 mg/kg	SPECIES: RAT
ISOPHORONE DIISOCYANATE	LD50: >7000 mg/kg	SPECIES: RAT
ACUTE INHALATION TOXICITY- COMPONENTS		
HOMOPOLYMER OF HEXAMETHYLENE-1,6- DIISOCYANATE	LC50/4H: 0.390 mg/l	SPECIES: RAT
HOMOPOLYMER OF ISOPHORONE DIISOCYANATE	LC50/4H: 50 mg/l	SPECIES: RAT
DIPROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER ACETATE	LC50/4H: 5.7 mg/l	SPECIES: RAT
N BUTYL ACETATE	LC50/4H: >21mg/l	SPECIES: RAT
CYCLOHEXYLDIMETHYLAMINE	LC50/4H: 4.45 mg/l	SPECIES: RAT
HEXAMETHYLENE-1,6-DIISOCYANATE	LC50/4H: 0.124 mg/l	SPECIES: RAT
ISOPHORONE DIISOCYANATE	LC50/4H: 0.03 mg/l	SPECIES: RAT
	OECD TEST GUIDLINE	403

SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION

DOT SKIN CORROSION STUDY: CORROSIVE IN ALL RABBITS AT 3 MINUTES EXPOSURE

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION SEVERE EYE IRRITATION

SENSITIZATION

PULMONARY AND DERMAL SENSITIZER IN ANIMALS AND HUMANS. EVIDENCE EXISTS THAT CROSS SENSITIZATION BETWEEN HDI AND OTHER ISOCYANATES, PARTICULARLY HYDROGENATED MDI AND TDI, CAN OCCUR.

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN SYSTEMIC TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) CATEGORY 3 (IRRITATING TO RESPIRATORY SYSTEM)

CARCINOGENIC DATA: NTP: NONE	OSHA : NONE	IARC: NONE
TERATOGENICITY: NO	MUTA	GENICITY: NO
EMBRYOTOXICITY: NO	SYNE	RGISTIC MATERIAL: NO

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

TOXICITY

AQUATIC TOXICITY: NO DATA ON THE PRODUCT ITSELF. BASED ON THE COMPONENTS THE PRODUCT IS ACUTELY HARMFUL FOR AQUATIC ORGANISMS.

ACUTE TOXICITY TO FISH- COMPONENTS	
HOMOPOLYMER OF HEXAMETHYLENE-1,6- DIISOCYANATE	LC50 (96 HRS): 100 mg/l
	SPECIES: FATHEAD MINNOW
HOMOPOLYMER OF ISOPHORONE DIISOCYANATE	LC50 (96 HRS): 1.51 mg/l
	SPECIES: FISH
DIPROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER ACETATE	LC50 (96 HRS): 151 mg/l
	SPECIES: FATHEAD MINNOW
N BUTYL ACETATE	LC50 (96 HRS): 18 mg/l
	SPECIES: FISH
CYCLOHEXYLDIMETHYLAMINE	LC50 (96 HRS): 22-46 mg/l
	SPECIES: FISH

SPECIALIZED FLOOR. COATINGS & DECORATIVE CONCRETE SYSTEMS



The Concrete Overlay Experts™

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Page 8 of 10

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION CON'T.

ACUTE TOXICITY TO FISH- COMPONENTS HEXAMETHYLENE-1,6- DIISOCYANATE

ISOPHORONE DIISOCYANATE

LC50 (96 HRS): ≥82.8 mg/l SPECIES: BRACHYDANIO RERIO LC50 (96 HRS): >72 mg/l SPECIES: BRACHYDANIO RERIO

ACUTE TOXICITY TO AQUATIC INVERTEBRATES: COMP	ONENTS
HOMOPOLYMER OF HEXAMETHYLENE-1,6- DIISOCYANATE	E EC50 (48 HRS): 127 mg/l
	SPECIES: DAPHNIA MAGNA
HOMOPOLYMER OF ISOPHORONE DIISOCYANATE	EC50 (48 HRS): 3.36 mg/l
	SPECIES: DAPHNIA MAGNA
DIPROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER ACETATE	EC50 (48 HRS): 2701 mg/l
	SPECIES: DAPHNIA MAGNA
N BUTYL ACETATE	ND
CYCLOHEXYLDIMETHYLAMINE	EC50 (48 HRS): 75 mg/l
	SPECIES: DAPHNIA MAGNA
HEXAMETHYLENE-1,6- DIISOCYANATE	EC50 (48 HRS): ≥ 89.1 mg/l
	SPECIES: DAPHNIA MAGNA
ISOPHORONE DIISOCYANATE	LC50 (48 HRS): 27 mg/l
	SPECIES: DAPHNIA MAGNA
ACUTE TOXICITY TO ALGAE/AQUATIC PLANTS: COMPO	NENTS
HOMOPOLYMER OF HEXAMETHYLENE-1,6- DIISOCYANATE	
	ES: DESMODESMUS SUBSPICATUS
HOMOPOLYMER OF ISOPHORONE DIISOCYANATE	EC50 (72 HRS): >10000 mg/l
	ES: DESMODESMUS SUBSPICATUS
DIPROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER ACETATE	EC50 (72 HRS): >1000 mg/l
	SPECIES: GREEN ALGAE
N BUTYL ACETATE	EC50 (72 HRS): 674.7 mg/l
	ES: DESMODESMUS SUBSPICATUS
CYCLOHEXYLDIMETHYLAMINE	EC50 (72HRS): >2 mg/l
	SPECIES: ALGAE
HEXAMETHYLENE-1,6- DIISOCYANATE	EC50 (72HRS): >77.4 mg/l
	ES: DESMODESMUS SUBSPICATUS
ISOPHORONE DIISOCYANATE	LC50 (72 HRS): >70 mg/l
SPECI	ES: DESMODESMUS SUBSPICATUS
TOXICITY TO BACTERIA: COMPONENTS	
HEXAMETHYLENE-1,6- DIISOCYANATE EC50: > 880mg/l	ACTIVATED SLUDGE
-	

CHRONIC AQUATIC TOXICITY CHRONIC TOXICITY TO AQUATIC INVERTEBRATES LONG LASTING ADVERSE EFFECTS TO AQUATIC ORGANISMS

PERSISTANCE AND DEGRADABILITY BIODEGRADABILITY: NOT READILY BIODEGRADABLE (BY OECD CRITERIA)

BIOACCUMULATIVE POTENTIAL BIOACCUMULATION: ND PARTITION COEFFECIENT: N-OCTANOL/WATER(LOG P_{ow}): ND

MOBILITY IN SOIL



The Concrete Overlay Experts™

Page 9 of 10

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

WASTE DISPOSAL METHODS: INCINERATION IS PREFERED. THIS PRODUCT SHOULD NOT BE ALLOWED TO ENTER DRAINS, WATER COURSES OR THE SOIL. PLACE IN AN APPROPRIATE DISPOSAL FACILITY IN COMPLIANCE WITH ALL FEDERAL, STATE AND LOCAL REGULATIONS.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT PROPER SHIPPING NAME: UN1866, RESIN SOLUTION, FLAMMABLE, (CONTAINS BUTYL ACETATE), 3, PG III

HAZARD LABEL: FLAMMABLE LIQUID

HAZARD PLACARD: FLAMMABLE LIQUID

IMO SHIPPING DATA: UN1866, RESIN SOLUTION, FLAMMABLE, (CONTAINS BUTYL ACETATE), 3, PG III,

ICAO/IATA SHIPPING DATA: UN1866, RESIN SOLUTION, FLAMMABLE, (CONTAINS BUTYL ACETATE), 3, PG III

PASSENGER AIR MAX QUANTITY: 60L

CARGO AIR- MAX QUANTITY: 220L

PASSENGER PACKING INSTRUCTION: 309

CARGO AIR INSTRUCTION NUMBER: 310

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

VOC: COMPONENT = 125 gms/Liter **AS APPLIED** (Part of a multi-component system) = 50 gms/Liter

TSCA (TOXIC SUBSTANCE CONTROL ACT): ALL COMPONENTS ARE LISTED IN THE TSCA CHEMICAL SUBSTANCE INVENTORY.

CERCLA (COMPREHENSIVE RESPONSE COMPENSATION and LIABILITY ACT): REPORTABLE QUANTITY, BUTYL ACETATE 5000 LBS., HDI 100 LBS., IPDI 500 LBS.

SARA TITLE III

SECTION 312 HAZARD CLASS: IMMEDIATE (ACUTE) HEALTH HAZARD, DELAYED HEALTH HAZARD; FIRE HAZARD.

SECTION 313 LISTED INGREDIENTS: CAS# 822-06-0 HEXAMETHYLENE DIISOCYANATE, CAS # 4098-71-9 ISOPHORONE DIISOCYANATE

CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65: The below list of compounds is known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm: NONE.



The Concrete Overlay Experts™

Page 10 of 10

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION							
INITIAL ISSUE DATE: MAY 27, 2015		REVISION DATE:		PI	PREPARED BY: J.W. ESSIG		
HAZARD RA HMIS:	ATING HEALTH	2	FLAMMABILITY	2	REACTIVITY	1	
LEGEND							
ACGIH:	AMERICAN CONFERENC	E OF GO	VERNMENTAL INDUSTR	IAL HYC	GIENISTS		
OSHA:	OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY	AND HE	EALTH ADMINISTRATIO	N			
STEL:	SHORT TERM EXPOSURE	LIMIT					
TWA:	TIME WEIGHTED AVERA	GE					
PEL:	PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE	E LIMIT					
TLV:	THRESHOLD LIMIT VALU	JE					
NA:	NOT APPLICABLE						
NE:	NOT ESTABLISHED						
ND:	NO DATA						

The information and recommendations contained herein are based upon data believed to be correct. However, no guarantee or warranty of any kind, express or implied, is made with respect to the accuracy of the information contained herein. We accept no responsibility and disclaim all liability for any harmful effects, which may be caused by exposure to our products. Customers/users of this product must comply with all applicable health and safety laws, regulations and orders.